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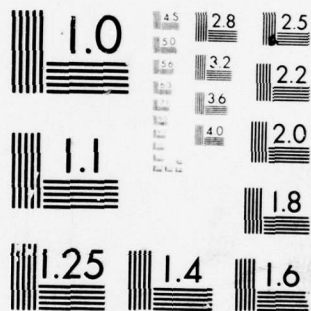
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# LONG-RANGE ARTILLERY SOUND RANGING: "PASS" METEOROLOGICAL APPLICATION

SEPTEMBER 1978

By

Abel J. Blanco

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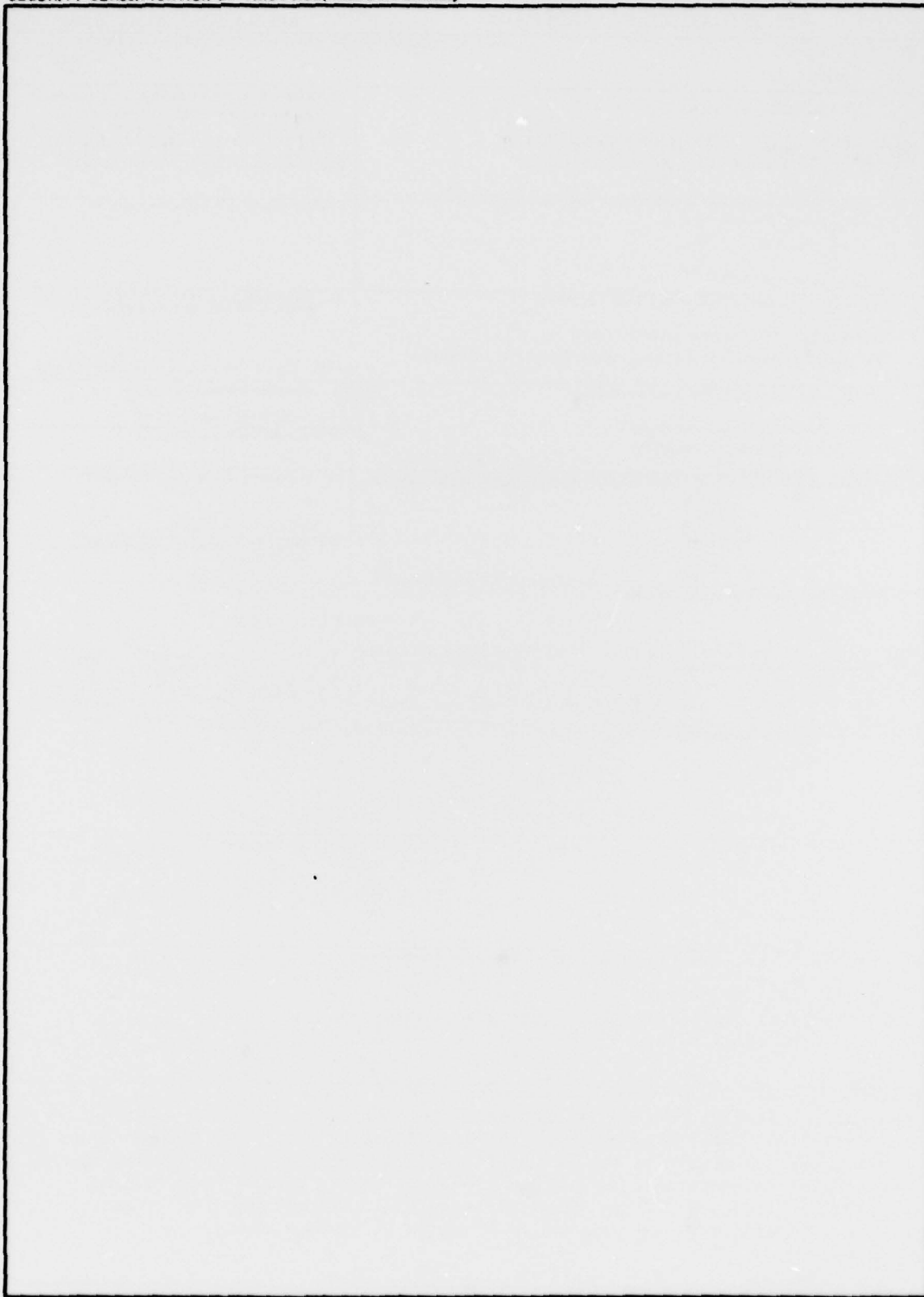
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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The current field procedure is used to compute artillery sound ranging meteorological (met) messages from the "PASS" met data. Using derived sound ranging data, a review of the met application is included with emphasis on the application to long-range target locations. A sample of the "PASS" sound ranging data is examined and results presented to demonstrate the interactions of the met parameters and the centroid method of sound ranging long-range targets.		

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# PREFACE

The author gratefully acknowledges the contribution from Mr. William D. Ohmstede and Mrs. Clara B. Anderson for preparation of the "PASS" raw rawinsonde data into a computer format listing the met parameters versus time and space.

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## SUMMARY

The computed artillery sound ranging met messages for the PASS experiment are included. The sound ranging met unit effects based on derived timing information and for the surveyed target locations in "PASS" experiment have been discussed. These numbers should be applied with the understanding that the wind correction contains a significant effect on the range component. These unit effects can also be interpreted as the unit expected error of the effective met parameter if it fails to describe the actual effect the sound wave experiences as it travels through the atmosphere. The current field application, i.e., using concept of effective met, yields a "cross-talk" component correction between wind and temperature correction when sound ranging long-range targets. This cross-talk effect describes an area of potential research that could lead to an improvement in met application. Finally, results from a sample of data from the PASS experiment were used to demonstrate the interactions between the wind and temperature and the centroid method of artillery sound ranging. Overall, these results are encouraging because the one probable error is within the accepted 2 percent of target range accuracy.

## INTRODUCTION

Atmospheric wind and temperature are well-known parameters affecting the direction and speed of acoustic propagation. Since World War I, sound ranging has been effectively employed by the US Army Artillery to locate enemy targets. The current method uses a linear array of six microphones with a recorder to monitor the sound arrival times at each microphone location. These arrival times are manually selected and provided as input to the computing device. The direction finding procedure depends on the relative arrival times at a pair of adjacent microphones. The intersections of these direction rays are then used to determine the approximate location of the sound source. Wind and temperature corrections are then applied to improve this approximate fix on the real target location.

A Sound Ranging Set Ground Recorder (GR-8) with six microphones was operated during the Atmospheric Sciences Laboratory Meteorological Comparisons (PASS), October - December 1974 [1]. An elaborate assortment of met equipment was assembled at White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico, to collect and process pertinent data. Nine sites simultaneously obtained Ground Meteorological Direction Finder (GMD-1B) rawinsonde data [2]. In addition, other sites collected surface data with remote sensing equipment [3]. Temperature and wind values were continuously recorded at eight levels on a 152-m tower [4].

This technical report presents artillery sound ranging met messages as computed from the rawinsonde data collected during the PASS experiment. Results concerning the interactions between the meteorological conditions and the current method of artillery sound ranging are emphasized. Wind and temperature unit effects for 11- to 16-km ranges and 0- to 25-degree flank angles are presented. The results show that for long-range



targets the present method of met application does not lend itself to improved accuracies in target location. These errors are defined as cross-talk components to wind and temperature corrections. Actual fixes are included to illustrate an apparent biasing effect of the present met correction on longer range fixes.

#### METEOROLOGICAL MESSAGE

Since the speed of sound is not a fixed value (dependent on meteorological conditions), correction factors are applied to the measured sound ranging arrival times to compensate for the variation of the actual atmospheric conditions from a standard. The standard conditions are defined as the speed of sound being 337.6 m/sec with an effective wind speed of 0 and an effective temperature of 10°C at a height of 200 m above the surface. The first step in met application is to derive the effective met parameter. This parameter describes the resultant effect that the sound wave experiences when traveling from its origin to each microphone location.

The procedure for determining effective temperature is to measure the thermistor temperature from the GMD rawinsonde data and compute the resultant temperature ( $T_e$ ) as follows:

$$T_e = \frac{3T_v + T}{4} \quad (1)$$

where  $T$  equals the thermistor temperature at 200 m level and  $T_v$  equals its virtual temperature.

The procedure for determining effective wind direction and speed is to obtain a layered wind profile from the GMD data and combine the weighted values of the surface and the layer winds. These layers represent data at the following levels: 200, 400, 600, and 800 m above the surface. The wind weighting factors corresponding to the measured wind structures are selected from four different weighting factors [5]. The selection of the weighting factors is determined by comparing wind speeds from the surface, 200-, and 400-m levels (see table 1). This procedure was used, and the computed sound ranging met messages from the WSMR met comparison test are included in the appendix. The temperature and wind corrections are then applied to translate the apparent source location closer to its real location.

#### METEOROLOGICAL APPLICATION

##### Derived Timing Data

The wind, temperature, and humidity affect the sound wave traveling through the atmosphere. The direction and speed of acoustic propagation are dependent on the met variability. Acoustic propagation may vary significantly from the established standard met conditions. To

demonstrate this meteorological effect on locating a sound source, theoretical arrival times are derived by assuming the source and microphone location and using the speed of sound at standard met conditions. The particular case triangulates on a long-range, 11.5 km, target on the perpendicular bisector (zero flank angle) of the linear microphone array. The direction finding procedure of sound ranging uses the intersection of the direction rays to determine the sound source. The derived data are used to reduce the intersection polygon of error to a single point.

TABLE 1. ARTILLERY METEOROLOGICAL WIND WEIGHING  
FACTORS FROM FIELD MANUAL

Layer	1	2	3	4
Surface (m)	0.2	0.4	0	0
200	0.5	0	1.0	0
400	0.15	0.3	0	1.0
600	0.075	0.15	0	0
800	0.075	0.15	0	0

Weighing factors selected when 400-m layer wind speed is:

- 1 - 1 to 2 times 200-m layer
- 2 - over 2 times 200-m layer
- 3 - less than 200-m layer and within 2 knots of surface
- 4 - less than 200-m layer and not within 2 knots of surface

Figure 1 illustrates the temperature and wind corrections applied as the met varies above and below the standard. For this case there is a temperature unit effect of 21 m correction for 1°C change in temperature and 18 m correction for 1 knot of crosswind. These unit effects can also be interpreted as the expected error in the effective met parameter when it fails to describe the actual effect the sound wave experiences as it travels through the atmosphere.

A graphical presentation of the met effects was computed by using the current met application [6]. These effects are expressed in the following functional form:

$$\text{Temperature Correction} = \Delta t(T_e/T_{STD} - 1) \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Wind Correction} = \frac{W}{V^2} S \cos \theta \quad (3)$$

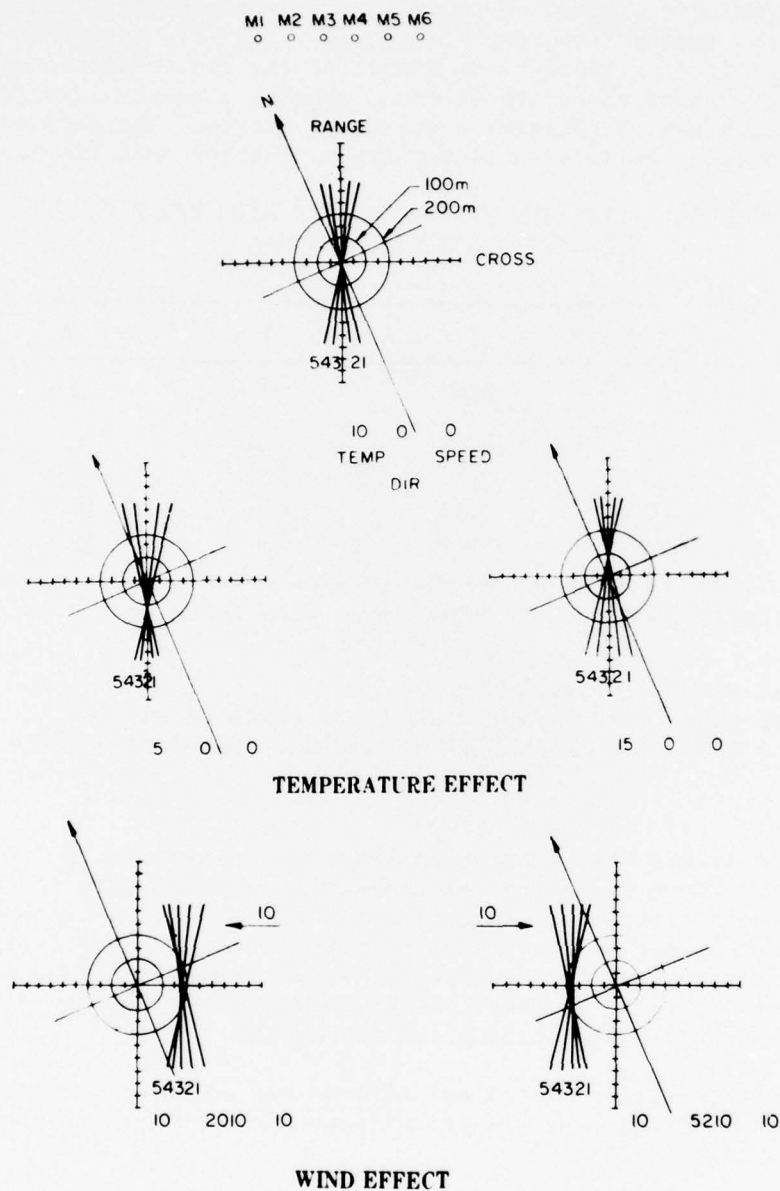


Figure 1. Top intersection locates sound source (11.5 km and 0° flank) under standard conditions; center intersections correct for  $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ; bottom intersection correct for left/right 10 knots.



where

$\Delta t$  = relative difference of arrival time from adjacent microphones (sec)

$T_e$  = effective temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{K}$ )

$T_{\text{STD}} = 283.16$  ( $^{\circ}\text{K}$ )

$W$  = effective wind speed (m/sec)

$\theta$  = angle of the effective wind direction with respect to linear array of microphones (deg)

$S$  = distance between adjacent microphones (m)

$V$  = speed of sound (m/sec)

If it is assumed that the gun and all microphones are in the same plane, then the arrival time difference ( $\Delta t$ ) between adjacent microphones and the time ( $t_s$ ) interval between the microphones are formulated

$$\sin \psi = \frac{\Delta t}{t_s} \quad (4)$$

to compute the direction ray through the sound source being monitored. In fig. 1, direction ray 1 is derived by using data from microphones M1 and M2. The angle  $\psi$  is defined by the direction ray and the perpendicular bisector of line between microphones M1 and M2.

A comparison of the intersection polygon of error for the temperature and wind effect shows that for the wind effect the intersection is not a single point. A review of equation (3) shows that the wind correction is independent of the arrival times. The four-sound-second interval between adjacent microphones and the slope of the microphones determine the wind correction. On the other hand, the polygon of error for the temperature correction [equation (2)], when conditions are perturbed from standard, remains a single point of intersection. Temperatures below the standard will slow the speed of sound and delay the arrival times. Under this condition the sound ranging method will triangulate at a closer target because of the large relative difference between arrival times at adjacent microphones. On applying the correction, the method will adjust the apparent fix to the correct (farther) location. The opposite holds for the high-temperature condition. A point to consider for better understanding the interaction is that the farther the target the less difference in arrival times at the microphone locations. For example, a target at infinity yields constant arrival times at the six microphone locations.

Figure 1 reveals that the temperature correction affects the range component and that the wind correction affects the cross-component. Equation (3) implies that a range wind has no effect because  $\cos \theta$  equals zero; however, the wind correction contains a range component correction that becomes large for long-range targets. This correction is defined as a "cross-talk" component and makes the interpretation of the temperature correction difficult.

In fig. 2 the flank angle in the derived case is increased to 25 degrees. Both met parameters were noted as containing cross-talk effects contaminating the unit effect of the other. The wind polygon of error is shifted to give a large range component correction. This magnitude would mask the temperature effect. The problem needs more investigation to devise a more accurate wind application for long-range targets. A quick-look solution is to apply only the cross-component of the effective wind on each direction ray. This modification would introduce the angle  $\psi$  of equation (4) into the wind application, the wind correction thereby having a dependence on the relative difference of arrival times between adjacent microphones.

Unit effects corresponding to target sources used during the PASS experiment and monitored by the artillery sound ranging system are listed in table 2. The current met application was used. The root mean square value is used to represent the effect of each particular parameter. In this manner the range and cross-corrections are included as a radial displacement.

TABLE 2. UNIT EFFECT FOR TEMPERATURE  
AND WIND CORRECTIONS

Range (km)	Flank Angle (deg)	Temperature (m/°K)	Wind (m/knot)
11.5	0	21	18
11.5	13	25	21
11.5	25	35	35
16.0	9	31	27
16.0	23	38	33

Range and flank angle were selected because of surveyed target locations of the "PASS" experiment. Note that these results are based on derived timing information.

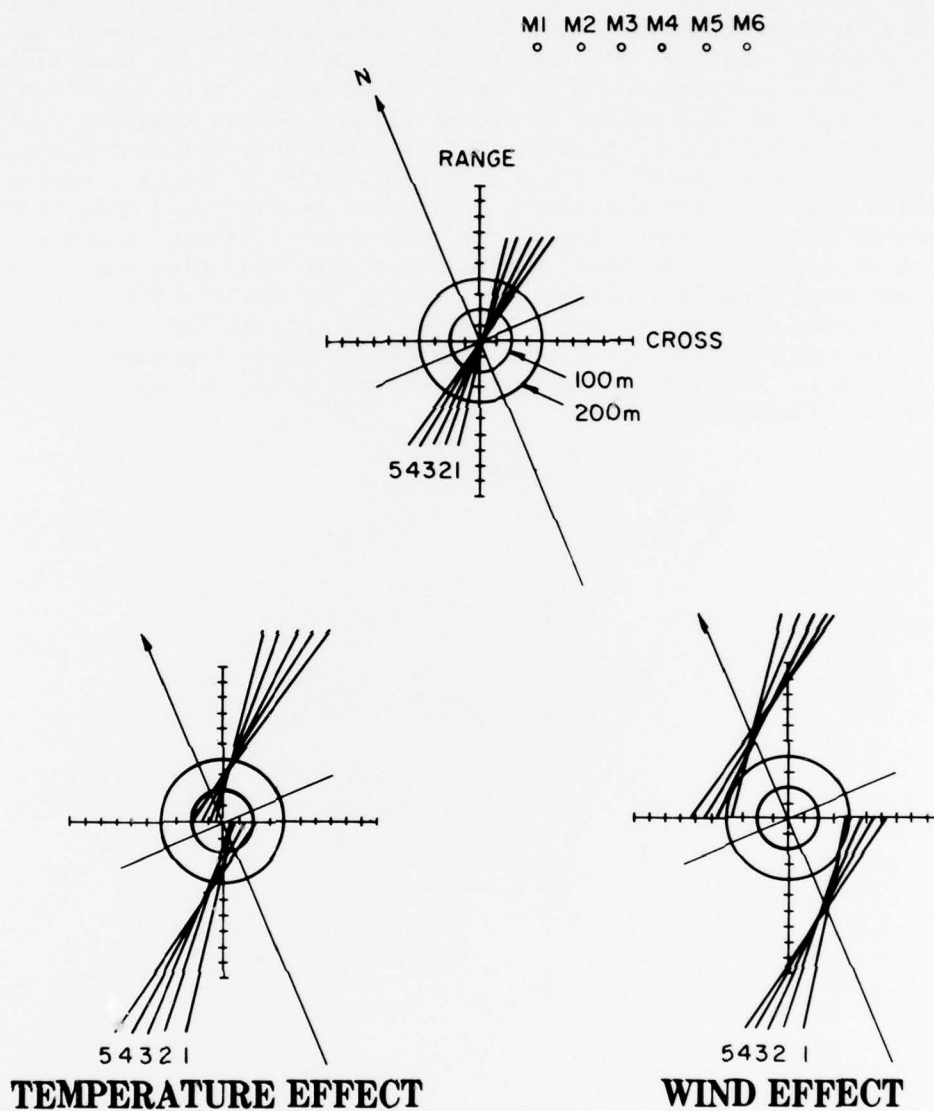


Figure 2. Top intersection locates sound source (11.5 km and 25° flank) under standard conditions; bottom intersections illustrate temperature ( $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and wind effects (left/right 10 knots).

### PASS Field Data Analysis

Field data from the PASS experiment have been used to present results demonstrating the interactions of the met parameters on the centroid method of sound ranging. Results from a single derived fix have already indicated the unit effects. A set of 54 fixes using field data from a surveyed target at 11.5 km and 13-degree flank angle is examined and the one probable error is used to illustrate the met interaction. Figure 3 indicates the locations of a sound source surveyed at the axis center. The radial distance from the center to a point is the sound ranging miss-distance in fixing on the target. For the cross-component, there is evidence of a normal distribution with a 5-m mean miss-distance. The range component contains a 54-m bias shifting the one probable error dispersion away from the center. Overall, the results are encouraging because the one probable error is within the accepted 2 percent of target range accuracy. However, the accuracy possibly could be improved by better met application.

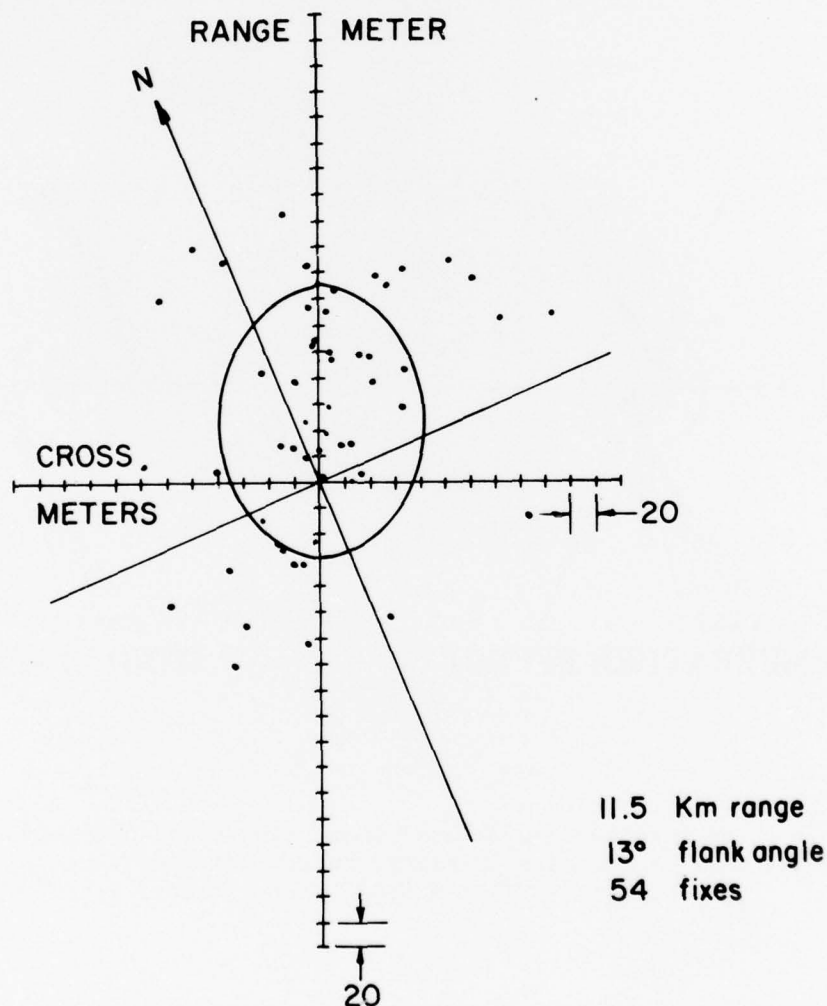


Figure 3. One probable error ellipse derived from 54 fixes on a surveyed "PASS" target of 11.5 km at a 13-degree flank angle.

The next step is to express the met interactions by locating the surveyed target applying one met parameter at a time. If the statistics used to derive the one probable error are compared, the apparent range bias can be accounted for as a result of applying the wind correction. For the sample set of 54 fixes, the current method contains an apparent 54-m bias. If the wind correction is not included, there is a reduction of 18 m with a standard deviation decrease of 3 m. The cross-talk range correction can be significant as previously discussed in the unit effect of a single fix. However, as a group of these 54 fixes there is a 33 percent (18/54) range correction. Table 3 lists the statistics for the sample from the PASS experiment.

TABLE 3. STATISTICS FOR A SAMPLE OF 54 ACTUAL FIXES ON A SURVEYED TARGET AT 11.5 KM AND 13-DEGREE FLANK ANGLE

	Cross Component (m)		Range Component (m)	
	Mean	Sigma	Mean	Sigma
Current met	5	65	54	95
Minus wind	28	69	36	92
Minus wind and temperature	28	69	38	92

These results agree that for the current method the temperature correction contains little effect on the cross-component of locating the target. For these 54 fixes, the temperature correction is small (2 m in the range mean miss-distance). This correction is also confirmed by checking the sound ranging met messages (appendix). The deviation from standard conditions (10°C) is small.

The wind effect in the cross-component is corrected from a 28-m to a 5-m bias, but the range component is increased from 38 to 54 m. This is the primary portion of met application that needs improvement. The wind range effect is masking the temperature effect and one can be misled by applying a different temperature correction to reduce this range bias. The modification to the current wind application that was discussed earlier yields the following statistics: cross-component  $\bar{X} = 4$  m,  $\sigma_x = 66$  m; range component  $\bar{Y} = 46$  m,  $\sigma_y = 89$  m. All the "cross-talk" wind effect has not been reduced (54 to 46 m), but results seem favorable for developing better wind applications for long-range sound ranging.



A final point to consider is that the bias errors have not been zeroed because of the time and space variability between the measurement and application of the meteorological conditions, the physical modeling assumption, the errors in met measurements, the choice of timing information picks, and surveyed locations of source point and microphones. Preliminary results from time and space variability indicate that the "cross-talk" of the wind correction on the range component contaminates the temperature effect. This range component effect is dependent on the direction of the wind. A review of figs. 1 and 2 shows that when the wind changes direction the range effect correction also changes signs.

# LOCATIONS

	Geodetic Coordinates				WSTM Coordinates*		
	N Latitude		W Longitude		<u>X</u> Ft	<u>Y</u> Ft	<u>Z</u> Ft
	Deg	Min	Sec	Deg	Min	Sec	
Artillery Meteorological Sections (Release Points)							
LC-36 - TSX (31)**	32	24	47.99	106	19	23.73	503,109 189,735 4,033
Orogrande - ORO (38)	32	24	45.46	106	08	50.41	557,402 189,530 4,198
Las Cruces - LSC (15)	32	16	41.73	106	54	48.25	320,713 141,080 4,418
McGregor - MCG (39)	32	16	39.25	106	11	30.58	543,736 140,375 4,097
War Road - WAR (36)	32	17	09.11	106	24	45.93	475,454 143,373 3,986
Small Missile Range - SMR (06)	32	29	00.53	106	25	20.20	472,572 215,268 3,999
Rampart - RAM (37)	32	30	27.89	106	09	50.21	552,221 224,126 4,029
Apache - APA (05)	32	37	37.96	106	23	25.21	482,450 267,552 3,947
Holloman - HMS (01)	32	51	28.56	106	05	36.24	573,682 351,574 4,088

\*White Sands Transverse Mercator (WSTM) system. This system is a rectangular modification of the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) system designed to minimize earth curvature errors to approximately -1/40,000 at the central meridian and +1/40,000 at 39.6 miles east and west of the central meridian. The origin is the intersection of latitude 38°10'00.000" north and longitude 106°20'00.000" west. The origin has a value of X=500,000.00 feet and Y=100,000.00 feet. X is measured along a line passing through the point in question which crosses the central meridian (longitude 106°20'00.000"W) at a right angle. The value increases positively to the east. Y is measured along the central meridian, increasing in value positively to the north. Z is measured along a radius of the earth at the point in question, above mean sea level (1929 datum), and is expressed in feet increasing positively upward. WSTM can be converted to an approximate UTM system by converting X,Y,Z values to meters.

\*\*The numbers in parentheses are identifiers used in quality control checking of GND observations.

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3. Marmon, Huron, and Max H. Hamlin, 1975, "Recorded Surface Meteorological Data Obtained during PASS," ECOM Internal Report, Atmospheric Sciences Laboratory, White Sands Missile Range, NM.
4. Hansen, Frank V., Ricardo Pena, Robert Umstead, and Arturo Acosta, 1975, "Temperature Profile Observed in the First 152 meters of the Atmosphere," ECOM Internal Report, Atmospheric Sciences Laboratory, White Sands Missile Range, NM.
5. FM 6-15, March 1970, Artillery Meteorology, Department of the Army, Field Manual, Headquarters, Washington, DC.
6. FM 6-122, October 1964, Artillery Sound Ranging and Flash Ranging, Department of the Army, Field Manual, Headquarters, Washington, DC.



APPENDIX  
SOUND RANGING MET MESSAGES COMPUTED FOR THE "PASS" EXPERIMENT

Data are listed in the following format: effective temperature (nearest 0.1°C), effective wind direction (tens of mils), and effective wind speed (knots). This is the format currently used for Field Artillery Application. For example the rawinsonde data from station TSX collected on 1 November 1974 at 0355 hours was used to compute the following:

effective temperature	= 11.6°C
effective wind direction	= 5090 mils
effective wind speed	= 5 knots

## SOUND RANGING MET MESSAGES

Mo	D	Time	Station	Met Data	Mo	D	Time	Station	Met Data
11	1	355	TSXFM	116509 5	11	21015	OROFM	173354 8	
11	1	355	OROFM	103317 6	11	21015	MCGFM	170413 9	
11	1	355	MCGFM	10141810	11	21015	WARFM	138363 5	
11	1	355	WARFM	108595 1	11	21015	SMRFM	137380 4	
11	1	355	SMRFM	98 83 3	11	21045	LSCFM	15136013	
11	1	425	RAMFM	55 49 2	11	21045	RAMFM	122209 2	
11	1	425	APAFM	107408 3	11	21045	APAFM	140352 6	
11	1	425	HMSFM	10327012	11	21045	HMSFM	156314 8	
11	1	555	TSXFM	101288 4	11	21215	OROFM	191372 8	
11	1	555	OROFM	94528 1	11	21215	MCGFM	195349 5	
11	1	555	MCGFM	103411 8	11	21215	WARFM	17432812	
11	1	555	WARFM	107480 2	11	21215	SMRFM	179314 6	
11	1	555	SMRFM	94335 6	11	21245	LSCFM	16339518	
11	1	625	APAFM	91406 3	11	21245	RAMFM	17237310	
11	1	625	HMSFM	90360 6	11	21245	APAFM	181378 6	
11	1	755	TSXFM	8134710	11	4 415	TSXFM	54636 9	
11	1	755	OROFM	104308 5	11	4 415	OROFM	5963910	
11	1	755	MCGFM	11139211	11	4 415	WARFM	68 26 4	
11	1	755	WARFM	7940312	11	4 415	SMRFM	62 4 6	
11	1	755	SMRFM	79617 1	11	4 445	LSCFM	5863612	
11	1	825	APAFM	8862014	11	4 445	RAMFM	90 710	
11	1	835	HMSFM	84294 2	11	4 445	APAFM	70623 9	
11	2	415	TSXFM	125 5 5	11	4 445	HMSFM	56 810	
11	2	415	OROFM	135404 6	11	4 615	TSXFM	61 18 9	
11	2	415	MCGFM	142553 4	11	4 615	OROFM	51640 8	
11	2	415	WARFM	97 10 3	11	4 615	WARFM	41638 6	
11	2	415	SMRFM	120390 3	11	4 615	SMRFM	62 20 7	
11	2	445	LSCFM	13542617	11	4 645	LSCFM	48 42 6	
11	2	445	HMSFM	136325 7	11	4 645	RAMFM	5162312	
11	2	615	TSXFM	130359 2	11	4 645	APAFM	68564 7	
11	2	615	OROFM	122377 2	11	4 645	HMSFM	55 31 7	
11	2	615	WARFM	11544210	11	4 815	TSXFM	63 21 8	
11	2	615	SMRFM	126197 2	11	4 815	OROFM	78626 5	
11	2	645	LSCFM	12342615	11	4 815	MCGFM	90640 8	
11	2	645	RAMFM	74466 4	11	4 815	WARFM	62 2011	
11	2	645	HMSFM	122339 6	11	4 815	SMRFM	63 20 4	
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11	2	845	APAFM	103320 3	11	41015	WARFM	95 42 6	
11	2	845	HMSFM	155260 9	11	41015	SMRFM	81 4812	
11	21015	TSXFM	155357 2		11	41045	LSCFM	74575 8	

Mo	D	Time	Station	Met	Data
11	4	1045	RAMFM	103	1 4
11	4	1045	APAFM	81	8 9
11	4	1045	HMSFM	776	10 7
11	4	1215	OROFM	11062	7 7
11	4	1215	MCGFM	108	76 7
11	4	1215	WARFM	123	85 6
11	4	1215	SMRFM	97	2216
11	4	1245	RAMFM	117622	6 6
11	4	1245	APAFM	89	2510
11	4	1245	HMSFM	84632	7 7
11	6	445	TSXFM	83620	8 8
11	6	445	OROFM	80	1210
11	6	445	MCGFM	83	85 5
11	6	445	WARFM	85	45 4
11	6	445	SMRFM	90290	2 2
11	6	515	LSCFM	111196	9 9
11	6	515	RAMFM	89634	4 4
11	6	515	APAFM	75630	5 5
11	6	515	HMSFM	90322	6 6
11	6	645	TSXFM	90633	13 13
11	6	645	OROFM	87146	5 5
11	6	645	MCGFM	71	86 8
11	6	645	WARFM	79	38 7
11	6	645	SMRFM	88	51 5
11	6	715	LSCFM	104187	9 9
11	6	715	RAMFM	95173	4 4
11	6	715	APAFM	79605	10 10
11	6	715	HMSFM	89587	2 2
11	6	845	TSXFM	86	66 6
11	6	845	OROFM	101147	8 8
11	6	845	MCGFM	117115	7 7
11	6	845	WARFM	99	20 8
11	6	845	SMRFM	104133	3 3
11	6	915	LSCFM	120217	9 9
11	6	915	RAMFM	114	63 4
11	6	915	APAFM	80605	9 9
11	6	915	HMSFM	107625	1 1
11	7	345	TSXFM	82146	3 3
11	7	345	OROFM	94	7812
11	7	345	MCGFM	109155	8 8
11	7	345	WARFM	78154	7 7
11	7	345	SMRFM	89424	4 4
11	7	415	LSCFM	91113	5 5
11	7	415	RAMFM	68	3312
11	7	415	APAFM	89122	1 1
11	7	415	HMSFM	70634	7 7
11	7	545	TSXFM	85112	4 4
11	7	545	OROFM	94164	5 5
11	7	545	WARFM	82	81 5
11	7	545	SMRFM	81	43 1
11	7	615	LSCFM	87150	5 5

Mo	D	Time	Station	Met	Data
11	7	615	RAMFM	80	86 6
11	7	615	APAFM	67570	5 5
11	7	615	HMSFM	78	31 4
11	7	745	TSXFM	80	53 4
11	7	745	OROFM	85122	7 7
11	7	745	MCGFM	126	41 4
11	7	745	WARFM	77	36 6
11	7	745	SMRFM	83494	1 1
11	7	815	LSCFM	81137	3 3
11	7	815	RAMFM	76	21 3
11	7	815	APAFM	74483	2 2
11	7	815	HMSFM	79476	2 2
11	7	945	TSXFM	99	58 2
11	7	945	OROFM	109	2118
11	7	945	MCGFM	130	69 3
11	7	945	WARFM	95	30 6
11	7	945	SMRFM	96	63 3
11	7	1015	LSCFM	104164	5 5
11	7	1015	RAMFM	128632	7 7
11	7	1015	HMSFM	88623	3 3
11	7	1145	TSXFM	114629	5 5
11	7	1145	OROFM	152	615
11	7	1145	MCGFM	152	34 4
11	7	1145	WARFM	122	53 4
11	7	1145	SMRFM	127	8 1
11	7	1215	LSCFM	129174	11 11
11	7	1215	RAMFM	161590	1 1
11	7	1215	APAFM	129	55 1
11	7	1215	HMSFM	117636	1 1
11	8	1245	TSXFM	111313	6 6
11	8	1245	OROFM	133246	12 12
11	8	1245	MCGFM	120146	8 8
11	8	1245	WARFM	101329	8 8
11	8	1245	SMRFM	106325	5 5
11	8	1315	LSCFM	108295	10 10
11	8	1315	RAMFM	133286	5 5
11	8	1315	APAFM	117276	8 8
11	8	1315	HMSFM	109299	8 8
11	8	1445	TSXFM	99294	5 5
11	8	1445	OROFM	127290	7 7
11	8	1445	MCGFM	140308	10 10
11	8	1445	WARFM	109310	1 1
11	8	1445	SMRFM	110306	5 5
11	8	1515	LSCFM	115328	10 10
11	8	1515	RAMFM	124238	6 6
11	8	1515	APAFM	119314	4 4
11	8	1515	HMSFM	118339	8 8
11	8	1645	TSXFM	122343	10 10
11	8	1645	OROFM	123362	7 7
11	8	1645	MCGFM	123462	3 3
11	8	1645	WARFM	131350	8 8

Mo	D	Time	Station	Met Data
11	81	645	SMRFM	129297 4
11	81	715	LSCFM	124314 9
11	81	715	RAMFM	136330 8
11	81	715	APAFM	12230310
11	81	715	HMSFM	12828213
1111	445	TSXFM		7063314
1111	445	OROFM		7562617
1111	445	MCGFM		11161315
1111	445	WARFM		89 6 7
1111	445	SMRFM		11462910
1111	515	LSCFM		106 1215
1111	515	RAMFM		8061418
1111	515	APAFM		4361814
1111	515	HMSFM		10054411
1111	645	TSXFM		10361813
1111	645	OROFM		6262412
1111	645	MCGFM		10961617
1111	645	WARFM		11219797
1111	645	SMRFM		93629 6
1111	715	LSCFM		89 1411
1111	715	RAMFM		7861415
1111	715	APAFM		9962314
1111	715	HMSFM		96 314
1111	845	TSXFM		9863717
1111	845	OROFM		9863517
1111	845	MCGFM		9762613
1111	845	WARFM		87 3210
1111	845	SMRFM		113 1917
1111	915	LSCFM		10661611
1111	915	RAMFM		13462216
1111	915	APAFM		9963110
1111	915	HMSFM		10862614
1112	415	TSXFM		8524521
1112	415	OROFM		9422321
1112	415	MCGFM		94271 9
1112	415	WARFM		79183 6
1112	415	SMRFM		93241 7
1112	445	LSCFM		105 13 1
1112	445	RAMFM		77236 6
1112	445	APAFM		101324 7
1112	445	HMSFM		95360 5
1112	615	TSXFM		6821314
1112	615	OROFM		8523312
1112	615	MCGFM		100377 3
1112	615	SMRFM		77190 6
1112	645	LSCFM		96200 2
1112	645	RAMFM		80258 8
1112	645	APAFM		86253 4
1112	645	HMSFM		75340 7
1112	815	TSXFM		70159 5
1112	815	OROFM		103372 2

Mo	D	Time	Station	Met Data
1112	815	MCGFM		115387 4
1112	815	WARFM		75605 5
1112	815	SMRFM		77140 2
1112	845	LSCFM		93226 2
1112	845	RAMFM		107278 0
1112	845	APAFM		75264 2
1112	845	HMSFM		68361 4
1114	345	TSXFM		6025914
1114	345	OROFM		7221616
1114	345	MCGFM		7824313
1114	345	WARFM		60164 4
1114	345	SMRFM		5331513
1114	415	LSCFM		11427815
1114	415	RAMFM		73199 8
1114	415	APAFM		73356 4
1114	415	HMSFM		55354 8
1114	545	TSXFM		5526313
1114	545	OROFM		6022118
1114	545	MCGFM		6823113
1114	545	WARFM		68184 9
1114	545	SMRFM		65334 9
1114	615	LSCFM		7224414
1114	615	RAMFM		5924010
1114	615	APAFM		6432218
1114	615	HMSFM		4833414
1114	745	TSXFM		5027311
1114	745	OROFM		5520917
1114	745	MCGFM		7323615
1114	745	WARFM		37226 5
1114	815	LSCFM		5825814
1114	815	RAMFM		6823912
1114	815	APAFM		6130219
1114	815	HMSFM		38298 8
1114	945	TSXFM		6425010
1114	945	OROFM		9324815
1114	945	MCGFM		7623913
1114	945	WARFM		68110 5
1114	945	SMRFM		7434219
1114	1015	LSCFM		7426511
1114	1015	RAMFM		7833124
1114	1015	APAFM		7528614
1114	1019	HMSFM		70298 6
1114	1145	TSXFM		87312 8
1114	1145	OROFM		108186 6
1114	1145	MCGFM		97234 6
1114	1145	WARFM		93304 5
1114	1145	SMRFM		86307 7
1114	1215	LSCFM		97296 7
1114	1215	RAMFM		117245 7
1114	1215	APAFM		78307 8
1114	1215	HMSFM		99322 8



Mo	D	Time	Station	Met	Data	Mo	D	Time	Station	Met	Data
1115	4	0	TSXFM	92366	4	1118	445	APAFM	114462	3	
1115	4	0	OROFM	91382	5	1118	445	HMSFM	130327	1	
1115	4	0	MCGFM	103382	8	1118	615	TSXFM	129312	3	
1115	4	0	WARFM	82360	5	1118	615	OROFM	135324	7	
1115	430		LSCFM	85350	5	1118	615	WARFM	117318	3	
1115	430		RAMFM	29359	4	1118	615	SMRFM	119320	2	
1115	430		APAFM	83264	5	1118	645	LSCFM	129289	3	
1115	430		HMSFM	90276	3	1118	645	APAFM	105284	3	
1115	6	0	TSXFM	88335	6	1118	645	HMSFM	124298	4	
1115	6	0	OROFM	77417	2	1118	815	TSXFM	128466	2	
1115	6	0	MCGFM	74374	7	1118	815	OROFM	128327	6	
1115	6	0	WARFM	77391	6	1118	815	WARFM	112507	3	
1115	6	0	SMRFM	91365	4	1118	815	SMRFM	121409	6	
1115	630		LSCFM	93319	6	1118	845	LSCFM	136514	5	
1115	630		RAMFM	68365	6	1118	845	RAMFM	128367	7	
1115	630		APAFM	68381	4	1118	845	APAFM	118335	7	
1115	630		HMSFM	91349	3	1118	845	HMSFM	121307	6	
1115	8	0	TSXFM	82351	6	1119	515	TSXFM	128465	17	
1115	8	0	OROFM	108573	3	1119	515	OROFM	91471	119	
1115	830		MCGFM	105402	9	1119	515	WARFM	128492	8	
1115	8	0	WARFM	57401	1	1119	515	SMRFM	150472	33	
1115	8	0	SMRFM	67366	3	1119	545	LSCFM	128510	17	
1115	830		LSCFM	114410	6	1119	545	RAMFM	135465	10	
1115	830		RAMFM	95402	2	1119	545	APAFM	147468	7	
1115	830		APAFM	68350	2	1119	545	HMSFM	121372	7	
1115	830		HMSFM	70286	3	1119	715	TSXFM	123455	3	
111510	0		TSXFM	100378	4	1119	715	OROFM	133495	33	
111510	0		OROFM	129638	4	1119	715	MCGFM	150474	22	
111510	0		MCGFM	156405	9	1119	715	WARFM	152624	12	
111510	0		WARFM	93351	6	1119	715	SMRFM	151511	27	
111510	0		SMRFM	94307	5	1119	745	LSCFM	107472	15	
11151030			LSCFM	117412	4	1119	745	RAMFM	147520	8	
11151030			RAMFM	140471	2	1119	745	APAFM	134490	17	
11151030			APAFM	92134	3	1119	745	HMSFM	99574	4	
11151030			HMSFM	101349	3	1119	915	TSXFM	140534	21	
111512	0		TSXFM	119446	2	1119	915	OROFM	148569	7	
111512	0		OROFM	150370	7	111910	0	MCGFM	169571	116	
111512	0		MCGFM	172439	6	1119	915	WARFM	164146	3	
111512	0		WARFM	160303	8	1119	915	SMRFM	143514	10	
111512	0		SMRFM	130104	3	1119	945	LSCFM	128517	16	
11151230			LSCFM	161429	11	1119	945	RAMFM	159551	11	
11151230			RAMFM	153437	3	1119	945	APAFM	146566	6	
11151230			APAFM	118272	3	1119	945	HMSFM	131624	3	
11151230			HMSFM	131336	6	11201145		TSXFM	136	56	2
1118	415		TSXFM	111465	2	11201145		OROFM	154245	1	
1118	415		OROFM	123278	2	11201145		MCGFM	161136	3	
						11201145		WARFM	141148	9	
1118	415		MCGFM	136378	7	11201145		SMRFM	142439	1	
1118	415		WARFM	110424	2	11201215		LSCFM	136137	7	
1118	415		SMRFM	126	9	3		RAMFM	165	45	1
1118	445		LSCFM	134	837			APAFM	132136	2	
1118	445		RAMFM	111362	4	11201215		HMSFM	135337	6	

Mo D Time Station Met Data

11201345	TSXFM	162115	4
11201345	OROFM	167394	3
11201345	MCGFM	171	3 2
11201345	WARFM	162126	2
11201345	SMRFM	145146	4
11201415	LSCFM	143171	7
11201415	RAMFM	155627	8
11201415	APAFM	137467	2
11201415	HMSFM	139348	3
11201545	TSXFM	152	2 5
11201545	OROFM	156639	6
11201545	MCGFM	181	10 8
11201545	WARFM	168	20 3
11201545	SMRFM	145	18 2
11201615	LSCFM	157169	7
11201615	RAMFM	154	98 2
11201615	APAFM	144538	4
11201615	HMSFM	148470	4
1123 615	TSXFM	11949820	
1123 615	OROFM	13548620	
1123 615	MCGFM	14052015	
1123 615	WARFM	130557	7
1123 615	SMRFM	12551721	
1123 645	LSCFM	9853620	
1123 645	RAMFM	12752213	
1123 645	APAFM	125598	3
1123 645	HMSFM	114602	6
1123 815	TSXFM	114539	7
1123 815	OROFM	13052113	
1123 815	MCGFM	14654428	
1123 815	WARFM	122515	7
1123 815	SMRFM	11954010	
1123 845	LSCFM	10652620	
1123 845	RAMFM	12754611	
1123 845	APAFM	11852819	
1123 845	HMSFM	89	4 9
11231015	TSXFM	11856913	
11231015	OROFM	11655312	
11231015	MCGFM	13853514	
11231015	WARFM	13455912	
11231015	SMRFM	12259212	
11231045	LSCFM	12650614	
11231045	RAMFM	13762714	
11231045	APAFM	119	57 9
11231215	TSXFM	126564	7
11231215	OROFM	136	1 7
11231230	MCGFM	14355810	
11231215	SMRFM	127531	9
11231245	LSCFM	11657511	
11231245	RAMFM	153514	1
11231245	APAFM	131573	6

Mo D Time Station Met Data

11231245	HMSFM	12559411	
11231415	TSXFM	120	50 4
11231415	OROFM	12459611	
11231415	MCGFM	15161516	
11231415	WARFM	13453215	
11231415	SMRFM	131	67 7
11231445	LSCFM	12661114	
11231445	RAMFM	14663713	
11231445	APAFM	15458810	
11231445	HMSFM	13160416	
11261215	TSXFM	102583	5
11261215	OROFM	128528	4
11261215	MCGFM	137482	7
11261215	WARFM	121241	3
11261215	SMRFM	120	18 4
11261245	LSCFM	117629	3
11261245	RAMFM	132604	7
11261245	APAFM	122636	8
11261245	HMSFM	111541	3
11261415	TSXFM	15060411	
11261415	MCGFM	154593	6
11261415	WARFM	144	43 2
11261415	SMRFM	149	38 5
11261445	LSCFM	131170	2
11261445	RAMFM	157602	6
11261445	APAFM	134	64 9
11261445	HMSFM	140594	6
11261615	TSXFM	133	1 6
11261615	MCGFM	160613	6
11261615	WARFM	147	50 5
11261615	SMRFM	138	69 5
11261645	LSCFM	132418	5
11261645	RAMFM	16661811	
11261645	HMSFM	145617	8
1127 915	TSXFM	69248	8
1127 915	MCGFM	112271	6
1127 915	WARFM	9325712	
1127 915	SMRFM	80290	6
1127 945	LSCFM	71253	8
1127 945	RAMFM	94247	7
1127 945	APAFM	70293	8
1127 945	HMSFM	64343	5
11271115	TSXFM	116470	3
11271115	OROFM	143290	8
11271115	MCGFM	135310	5
11271115	WARFM	114338	8
11271115	SMRFM	10331317	
11271145	LSCFM	94285	7
11271145	RAMFM	140261	6
11271145	APAFM	121281	9
11271145	HMSFM	102313	6

Mo	D	Time	Station	Met Data	Mo	D	Time	Station	Met Data
1127	1315		TSXFM	132401 5	12	21345		HMSFM	120491 1
1127	1315		OROFM	14534610	12	3 545		TSXFM	74 53 5
1127	1315		MCGFM	16434510	12	3 545		OROFM	76343 2
1127	1315		WARFM	13932015	12	3 545		MCGFM	7954312
1127	1315		SMRFM	144335 6	12	3 545		WARFM	71598 3
1127	1345		LSCFM	119315 8	12	3 545		SMRFM	52 43 3
1127	1345		RAMFM	15734611	12	3 650		LSCFM	86430 3
1127	1345		APAFM	14126811	12	3 615		RAMFM	55200 3
1127	1345		HMSFM	13330910	12	3 615		APAFM	65625 4
12	2 515		TSXFM	68638 5	12	3 635		HMSFM	70102 1
12	2 515		OROFM	68457 3	12	3 745		TSXFM	64 35 8
12	2 515		MCGFM	111395 4	12	3 745		WARFM	57 20 6
12	2 515		WARFM	53632 3	12	3 745		SMRFM	60620 5
12	2 515		SMRFM	58538 1	12	3 815		LSCFM	94328 3
12	2 545		LSCFM	69489 5	12	3 815		RAMFM	73222 2
12	2 545		RAMFM	74593 3	12	3 815		APAFM	55606 6
12	2 545		APAFM	6648918	12	3 815		HMSFM	73421 0
12	2 545		HMSFM	76188 1	12	3 945		TSXFM	72237 8
12	2 715		TSXFM	62 27 6	12	3 945		MCGFM	112299 5
12	2 715		OROFM	74572 1	12	3 945		WARFM	65290 1
12	2 715		WARFM	50 37 2	12	3 945		SMRFM	58 63 5
12	2 715		SMRFM	41545 2	12	31015		LSCFM	89288 2
12	2 745		LSCFM	67407 3	12	31015		RAMFM	103197 0
12	2 745		RAMFM	66515 2	12	31015		APAFM	63100 1
12	2 745		APAFM	62599 6	12	31015		HMSFM	65306 5
12	2 745		HMSFM	82581 5	12	51115		TSXFM	11841820
12	2 915		TSXFM	52 6 4	12	51115		OROFM	14641616
12	2 915		OROFM	63245 2	12	51115		MCGFM	13443914
12	2 915		MCGFM	85367 6	12	51115		WARFM	13043622
12	2 915		WARFM	50 43 8	12	51115		SMRFM	12147623
12	2 915		SMRFM	70 67 2	12	51145		LSCFM	10048247
12	2 945		LSCFM	74532 1	12	51145		RAMFM	9742713
12	2 945		RAMFM	61308 4	12	51145		APAFM	14444514
12	2 945		APAFM	59488 9	12	51145		HMSFM	112434 7
12	2 945		HMSFM	57511 1	12	51315		TSXFM	12049022
12	21115		TSXFM	80 11 2	12	51315		OROFM	15248117
12	21115		OROFM	104550 4	12	51315		WARFM	13746734
12	21115		MCGFM	129591 2	12	51315		SMRFM	13346829
12	21115		WARFM	94 13 3	12	51345		LSCFM	107483 6
12	21115		SMRFM	85636 2	12	51345		RAMFM	14647514
12	21145		LSCFM	88234 4	12	51345		APAFM	13946414
12	21145		RAMFM	104469 2	12	51345		HMSFM	14142412
12	21145		APAFM	89638 3	12	51515		TSXFM	13247726
12	21145		HMSFM	87271 2	12	51515		OROFM	14445828
12	21315		TSXFM	106 53 3	12	51515		MCGFM	12048022
12	21315		OROFM	123 42 3	12	51515		WARFM	13948033
12	21315		MCGFM	147527 4	12	51515		SMRFM	13646518
12	21315		WARFM	126283 2	12	51545		LSCFM	11350223
12	21315		SMRFM	111549 1	12	51545		RAMFM	15646721
12	21345		RAMFM	138 50 4	12	51545		APAFM	13848621
12	21345		APAFM	116494 3	12	51545		HMSFM	13446921



Mo	D	Time	Station	Met Data
12	51715	TSXFM		11345922
12	51715	OROFM		12047521
12	51715	WARFM		10848019
12	51715	SMRFM		11445720
12	51745	LSCFM		10149331
12	51745	RAMFM		11946117
12	51745	APAFM		11148829
12	51745	HMSFM		127475 9
12	7 515	TSXFM		67638 9
12	7 515	OROFM		43 115
12	7 515	MCGFM		6562310
12	7 515	WARFM		72637 6
12	7 515	SMRFM		6151224
12	7 545	LSCFM		68 1511
12	7 545	RAMFM		39622 7
12	7 545	APAFM		57617 9
12	7 545	HMSFM		53 12 8
12	7 715	TSXFM		54618 9
12	7 715	OROFM		4662212
12	7 715	MCGFM		53 1014
12	7 715	WARFM		56600 4
12	7 715	SMRFM		5561610
12	7 745	LSCFM		36623 5
12	7 745	RAMFM		52602 9

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